Takashimaya Company, Limited

Takashimaya Reports Earnings for the Six Months Ended August 31, 2010

Tokyo, Japan, October 12, 2010—Takashimaya Company, Limited (TSE Security Code 8233) announced consolidated sales and other operating revenue of 422,727 million yen for the first half (ended August 31, 2010) of the fiscal year ending February 28, 2011, and net income of 8,360 million yen, or 25.34 yen per share.

Summary of Operating Results

Total consolidated sales and other operating revenue for the Takashimaya Group decreased 1.4% from the year-ago first half to 422,727 million yen. Operating income rose 53.2% to 7,989 million yen, and ordinary income rose 39.4% to 10,099 million yen. Net income surged 172.0% to 8,360 million yen.

The Japanese economy staged a moderate recovery during the fiscal first half, but the overall economic environment, marked by instability in international financial markets and the yen's rapid appreciation, is not overly conducive to optimism.

In light of current economic conditions, the Takashimaya Group is pushing ahead with structural reforms and measures to bolster sales capabilities with a view to achieving financial targets set out in its long-term business plan, titled *New Strategies for Growth*.

Amid this operating environment, the Group's core Department Stores segment appears to be on a recovery path and the Group's overall operating performance is improving steadily.

Segment Information

Department Stores

Sales and other operating revenue in the Department Stores segment decreased 2.1% from the year-ago first half to 377,799 million yen. Operating income surged 363.3% to 5,100 million yen.

The Osaka store enjoyed steady sales growth after opening the first phase of its enlarged sales floor in March, ahead of the store's grand reopening scheduled for spring 2011. The Shinjuku store welcomed new tenants in April. By tapping into synergies between those tenants and its department store operations, it boosted customer traffic and benefited from the "shower effect" (whereby shoppers are first drawn to upper floors from where they "flow

down" and shop through the floors below). The Okayama store initiated structural reforms upon entering into a capital alliance with Ryobi Holdings Co., Ltd. in April.

The Group worked to build product lineups that are precisely tuned to local customers' preferences, including by enhancing the capabilities of individual stores' retail buyers and by assigning merchandising managers to large stores. The Group also staged local customer-centric events, such as a campaign at the Kyoto store encouraging shoppers to rediscover quality Kyoto products and a *yukata* (summer kimono) fashion show in collaboration with local companies at the Kashiwa store.

The Group stepped up efforts to bolster sales by providing meticulous customer service. For example, to attract foreign tourists, whose numbers are growing rapidly, the Group assigned personnel with foreign language skills exclusively to accompany and assist such shoppers during their visits to large stores, including the Shinjuku and Osaka stores. These measures to increase sales yielded a year-over-year increase in domestic department stores' customer traffic in the fiscal first half and helped to attenuate the revenue decline.

Overseas, Takashimaya Singapore Ltd. recorded growth in both revenue and earnings, despite intensified competition, reflecting the success of its proactive efforts to boost sales, such as the introduction of new brands.

Contract & Design

Sales and other operating revenue in the Contract & Design segment grew 24.7% versus the year-ago first half to 8,255 million yen, while operating loss narrowed to 174 million yen from 460 million yen in the year-ago first half.

Group company Takashimaya Space Create Co., Ltd. posted double-digit growth in sales and other operating revenue versus the year-ago first half after booking various large orders, including second phase renovation works for the Osaka store and interior works for hotels and offices. The segment continued working to cut costs, mainly fixed costs, which also helped to reduce its operating loss.

Real Estate

In the Real Estate segment, sales and other operating revenue increased 1.9% to 15,114 million yen. Operating income amounted to 3,343 million yen, unchanged from the year-ago first half.

Group company Toshin Development Co., Ltd.'s revenue increased as a result of the opening of a new restaurant area as part of the Osaka store enlargement project and an event celebrating the 40th anniversary of Tamagawa Takashimaya Shopping Center. Efforts to

reduce costs, such as personnel and advertising expenses, and the addition in March of newly established local subsidiary Toshin Development Singapore Pte. Ltd. (formerly Toshin Development's Singapore branch), also contributed to growth in both revenue and earnings.

We booked an operating loss associated with the liquidation of Takashimaya Fifth Avenue Corporation in New York.

Finance

Sales and other operating revenue increased 7.1% versus the year-ago first half to 5,944 million yen, and operating income rose 19.3% to 959 million yen.

Takashimaya Credit Co., Ltd. recorded revenue growth due to increased revenue from external handling charges and annual membership fees as a result of an increase in the number of cardholders and a recovery in shopping transaction volume. The revenue increase more than offset an increase in expenses, which included bad debt-related expenses and one-time charges due to legislative changes. Revenue and earnings were both up versus the year-ago first half.

Other

Sales and other operating revenue in the Other segment (which includes the Group's Cross Media business) were down 2.0% versus the year-ago first half to 15,613 million yen, resulting in an operating loss of 1,283 million yen, compared with operating income of 402 million yen in the year-ago first half.

Merging its mail-order and online operations, the Group set up its Cross Media Division in September 2009 to bolster its sales capabilities and radically review its expenses structure. However, mainstay catalogue orders remained weak, resulting in an overall fall in operating revenue for the segment versus the year-ago first half. An increase in expenditures associated with the establishment of Takashimaya Service Co., Ltd., an amalgamation of several functional subsidiaries, also contributed to the segment's operating loss.

Financial Condition

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets

Consolidated assets at the end of the fiscal first half (August 31, 2010) totaled 817,166 million yen, an increase of 32,067 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year (February 28, 2010). This mainly reflects an increase in notes and accounts receivable and

land. Total consolidated liabilities increased 28,258 million yen to 522,117 million yen. This was mainly due to an increase in long-term debt and notes and accounts payable. Consolidated net assets rose 3,809 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year to 295,048 million yen.

Cash Flows

Consolidated cash and cash equivalents at the end of the fiscal first half amounted to 70,894 million yen, an increase of 14,931 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year.

Net cash used in operating activities was 95 million yen, which represents a decrease of 16,559 million yen from the year-ago first half. This was primarily due to an 11,419 million yen increase in income before income taxes and minority interests, a net increase in notes and accounts payable of 4,051 million yen, and a net decrease in notes and accounts receivable of 39,336 million yen.

Net cash provided by investing activities was 54 million yen, an 8,384 million yen reversal versus the year-ago first half's net outflow. This was primarily due to a 4,448 million yen year-over-year increase in the acquisition of tangible and intangible fixed assets and a 12,861 million yen increase in the sale of tangible and intangible fixed assets.

Net cash provided by financing activities was 15,897 million yen, an increase of 8,433 million yen from the year-ago first half. This was primarily due to a 13,000 million yen decrease in outlays reflecting that commercial paper was unchanged during the fiscal first half, a 5,000 million yen increase in long-term loans, and a 9,651 million yen increase in repayments of long-term loans.

Full-year Outlook

Consolidated Performance Forecast

For the full fiscal year ending February 28, 2011, the Group has raised its forecasts of consolidated sales and other operating revenue and ordinary income from the previous forecast announced on June 28, 2010. Full-year operating income and net income forecasts remain unchanged.

Consolidated Financial Statements

Balance Sheets

(million yen)

	As of	As of	
	August 31, 2010	February 28, 2010 Amount	
	Amount		
Assets			
Current assets	269,513	239,816	
Cash and deposits	56,131	56,011	
Notes and accounts receivable	127,587	102,200	
Marketable securities	15,000	3,000	
Merchandise and products	38,040	39,665	
Work in process	1,843	2,945	
Raw materials and supplies	560	608	
Other	30,816	35,881	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(466)	(497)	
Fixed assets	547,652	545,282	
Tangible fixed assets	383,345	381,943	
Buildings and structures, net	160,583	162,591	
Land	208,240	201,608	
Other, net	14,521	17,744	
Intangible fixed assets	24,576	19,417	
Goodwill	811	859	
Other	23,764	18,557	
Investments and other assets	139,730	143,921	
Investment securities	73,627	79,394	
Long-term guarantee deposits	43,469	42,760	
Other	28,321	26,582	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(5,687)	(4,816)	
Total assets	817,166	785,098	

(million yen)

		(minion yen	
	As of August 31, 2010	As of February 28, 2010	
-	August 31, 2010 Amount	Amount	
Liabilities	7 milount	Tinount	
Current liabilities	305,929	302,444	
Notes and account payable	90,407	85,684	
Short-term bank loans	16,268	24,593	
Accrued income taxes	6,522	3,202	
Advances received	77,895	77,020	
Gift certificates outstanding	65,581	59,489	
Allowance for point gift certificates	3,733	3,742	
Other	45,520	48,710	
Fixed liabilities	216,187	191,415	
Corporate bonds	30,000	30,000	
Long-term debt	91,820	65,962	
Allowance for employees' retirement benefits	53,020	55,383	
Allowance for directors' and corporate auditors' retirement benefits	232	251	
Other	41,113	39,817	
Total liabilities	522,117	493,859	
Net assets			
Shareholders' capital			
Common stock	56,025	56,025	
Additional paid-in capital	45,085	45,085	
Retained earnings	181,432	174,741	
Treasury stock	(520)	(514)	
Total shareholders' capital	282,022	275,336	
Valuation and translation adjustments			
Net unrealized gains/losses on other securities	3,198	6,048	
Net deferred gains/losses on hedge contracts	(28)	(12)	
Land revaluation difference	7,998	7,998	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(2,750)	(1,973)	
Total valuation and translation adjustments	8,417	12,060	
Minority interests	4,608	3,842	
Total net assets	295,048	291,239	
Total liabilities and net assets	817,166	785,098	

Statements of Operations

(million yen)

	Six months ended August 31, 2010	Six months ended August 31, 2009	
	Amount	Amount	
Net sales	396,704	403,630	
Cost of sales	293,197	296,097	
Gross profit	103,507	107,532	
Other operating revenue	26,023	25,234	
Gross operating income	129,530	132,766	
Selling, general and administrative expenses			
Advertising expenses	10,844	11,497	
Provision for point gift certificates	1,862	1,616	
Provision for doubtful accounts	962	843	
Directors' compensation and salaries	34,422	38,353	
Retirement benefit expenses	3,892	4,127	
Rental expenses	19,470	20,291	
Other	50,086	50,821	
Total selling, general and administrative expenses	121,541	127,553	
Operating income	7,989	5,213	
Non-operating income and expenses			
Interest income	171	192	
Dividend income	515	513	
Equity in gains of affiliated companies	986	644	
Other non-operating income	1,569	1,936	
Total non-operating income	3,242	3,285	
Interest expense	852	854	
Other non-operating expense	278	400	
Total non-operating expenses	1,131	1,254	
Ordinary income	10,099	7,244	
Extraordinary gains			
Gain on sale of fixed assets	10,923	-	
Gain on reversal of allowance for loss on disposal of			
buildings and structures	-	214	
Other	-	95	
Total extraordinary gains	10,923	309	
Extraordinary losses			
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	1,503	764	
Write-down of inventories	-	995	
Additional early retirement benefits	1,580	317	
Loss on change in equity interest	448	-	
Other	696	101	
Total extraordinary losses	4,228	2,178	
Net income before income taxes	16,795	5,375	
Income taxes, inhabitants' tax, and enterprise taxes	6,319	2,646	
Income tax adjustments	1,961	(514)	
Total income taxes	8,280	2,131	
Minority interests in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries	153	169	
Net income	8,360	3,073	

Statements of Cash Flows

	1	(million yen)
	Six months	Six months
	ended August 31, 2010	ended August 31, 2009
	Amount	Amount
Cash flows from operating activities:	7 tinount	7 mount
Income before income taxes and minority interests	16,795	5,375
Depreciation	8,029	7,901
Amortization of goodwill	47	47
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	839	581
Increase (decrease) in allowance for employees' retirement		
benefits	(2,363)	(223)
Increase (decrease) in allowance for directors' and corporate auditors' retirement benefits	(19)	(32)
Increase (decrease) in allowance for point gift certificates	(8)	(241)
Increase (decrease) in allowance for loss on disposal of buildings and structures	-	(810)
Interest and dividend income	(686)	(705)
Interest expenses	852	854
Equity in (gain) loss of affiliated companies	(986)	(644)
(Gain) loss on sale of fixed assets	(10,921)	-
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	1,000	613
(Increase) decrease in notes and accounts receivable	(26,367)	12,968
(Increase) decrease in inventories	2,751	2,468
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable	4,782	730
Other	6,014	(11,365)
Subtotal	(240)	17,518
Interest and dividend income received	1,499	1,336
Interest and dividend meane received		-
Income taxes paid	(739)	(484)
Income taxes refunded	(2,665)	(1,906)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,050	-
	(95)	16,464
	(10)	
Purchase of time deposits maturing after three months	(48)	(37)
Repayment of time deposits maturing after three months	36	3,453
Purchase of securities	(6)	(6)
Proceeds from sale of securities	3,000	-
Purchase of tangible and intangible fixed assets	(16,061)	(11,613)
Proceeds from sale of tangible and intangible fixed assets	13,023	-
Other	111	(125)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	54	(8,329)
I Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from long-term bank loans	30,000	25,000
Repayment of long-term bank loans	(12,466)	(2,814)
Increase (decrease) in commercial papers	-	(13,000)
Cash dividends paid	(1,649)	(1,649)
Other	13	(71)
Net cash provided by financing activities	15,897	7,463
V Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1,160)	599
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	14,696	16,197
		,
/1 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period /1 Increase in cash and cash equivalents due to newly consolidated /1 Increase in cash and cash equivalents due to newly consolidated	55,963 235	27,750
subsidiaries		42.047
VIII Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	70,894	43,947

Notes on the Going-concern Assumption

Not applicable

Segment information

								(million yen)
	Department Stores	Contract & Design	Real Estate	Finance	Other	Total	Elimination and corporate	Consolidated
Sales and other								
operating revenue:								
Outside customers	377,799	8,255	15,114	5,944	15,613	422,727	-	422,727
Intersegment	2,967	1,086	2,715	2,045	15,155	23,970	(23,970)	-
Total	380,766	9,342	17,830	7,990	30,768	446,698	(23,970)	422,727
Operating income (loss)	5,100	(174)	3,343	959	(1,283)	7,946	42	7,989

Segment information for March 1 - August 31, 2010

Notes: 1. Business operations are categorized based on the type and use of merchandise and services involved into the Department Stores, Contract & Design, Real Estate, and Finance segments.

- 2. The Other segment mainly consists of the mail-order business, the wholesale business, and the sewing and processing business.
- 3. Effective the first quarter of the fiscal year ending February 28, 2011, the Company adopted the *Accounting Standard for Construction Contracts (ASBJ Statement No. 15)* and its accompanying *Guidance on the Accounting Standard for Construction Contracts (ASBJ Guidance No. 18)*. Due to this change, for the six months ended August 31, 2010, in the Contract & Design business, operating income was 1,497 million yen higher and operating loss was 136 million yen lower than would have resulted with the previous accounting method.

								(million yen)
	Department Stores	Contract & Design	Real Estate	Finance	Other	Total	Elimination and corporate	Consolidated
Sales and other								
operating revenue:								
Outside customers	385,927	6,622	14,828	5,551	15,933	428,864	-	428,864
Intersegment	2,873	1,849	2,871	2,119	15,926	25,641	(25,641)	-
Total	388,801	8,472	17,700	7,671	31,860	454,505	(25,641)	428,864
Operating income (loss)	1,101	(460)	3,344	804	402	5,192	21	5,213

Segment information for March 1 – August 31, 2009

Notes: 1. Business operations are categorized based on the type and use of merchandise and services involved into the Department Stores, Contract & Design, Real Estate, and Finance segments.

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