# Financial Results FY2012

09 April 2013



Statements contained herein regarding cost and revenue projections reflect our judgment based on information currently available, and involve a number of risks and uncertainties. It should be noted that actual results could differ materially from the cost and revenue projections stated herein due to a variety of factors.

Significant factors that could affect actual performance include but are not limited to the economic environment surrounding the department store industry, market trends, and exchange rate fluctuations.

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### Results for FY2012 (the fiscal year ended February 28, 2013)

						(Yen i	in Billion )
	1 H	Year -on- Year	2 H	Year -on- Year	Full-year	Year -on- Year	Change from Projection
Operating	erating 2.4% 0.5%	070.0	1.4%	(0.5%			
Revenue	419.8	9.8	450.5	2.4	870.3	12.2	(4.2
SG&A	110 1	2.0%	120.0	(2.2%)	239.2	(0.1%)	(1.2%
expenses	119.1	2.3	120.0	(2.7)		(0.3)	(2.9
Operating	10.1	11.6%	15 /	27.6%		20.7%	1.9%
Income	10.1	1.1	15.4	3.3	25.5	4.4	0.5
Ordinary	11 7	8.8%	10 1	33.6%		22.6%	8.6%
Income	11.7	1.0	18.1	4.6	29.9	5.5	2.4
Not Incomo		22.8%	0.0	80.0%	14 F	51.8%	22.5%
Net Income	6.6	1.2	9.9	4.4	16.5	5.6	3.0

#### **Operating Revenue**

Sales and other operating revenue increased 12.2 billion yen, mainly reflecting higher sales after the negative effects of the earthquake on the Group's core domestic Department Store segment, and the continued effects of the renovation of the Osaka Store, as well as increases in revenue at subsidiaries such as Toshin Development Co., Ltd. and Takashimaya Space Create Co., Ltd.

#### SG&A expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses were cut by 0.3 billion yen due to the reduction of promotion expenses associated with a change in the loyalty point rate and a decrease in personnel-related expenses as a result of a reduction in the number of staff, which offset increases in advertising expenses as well as in depreciation and heating and lighting expenses due to the replacement of systems and renovations.

#### Operating income

Operating income rose 4.4 billion yen, chiefly reflecting higher income due to higher revenues.

#### Ordinary income

Ordinary income rose 5.5 billion yen, mainly due to higher operating income and a 1.2 billion yen increase in foreign exchange gains, including a rise in foreign currency deposits.

#### Net income

Net income increased 5.6 billion yen, primarily reflecting higher ordinary income.

	Performance	by	Individual	Companies
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	Operating Revenue	Year -on- Year	Change from Projection	Operating Income	Year -on- Year	in Billion ) Change from Projection
Takashimaya Co., Ltd. & Domestic Department store subsidiaries	745.8	0.8% 5.7	(0.8%) (5.8)	8.4	21.8% 1.5	(9.6%) (0.9)
Toshin Development Co., Ltd. & Toshin Development Singapore PTE.Ltd.	38.2	2.7% 1.0	0.5% 0.2	7.9	7.8% 0.6	1.2% 0.1
Takashimaya Singapore Ltd.	39.7	6.0% 2.2	1.7% 0.7	3.6	4.2% 0.1	2.4% 0.1
Takashimaya Credit Co., Ltd.	15.8	1.4% 0.2	(1.4%) (0.2)	3.6	12.3% 0.4	0.6% 0.0
Takashimaya Space Create Co., Ltd.	23.6	23.3% 4.5	9.3% 2.0	0.9	300.8% 0.7	42.4% 0.3
Others and eliminations	7.2	- (1.4)	- (1.0)	1.0	- 1.1	- 0.9
Consolidated	870.3	1.4% 12.2	(0.5%) (4.2)	25.5	20.7% 4.4	1.9% 0.5

#### Takashimaya Co., Ltd. and domestic department store subsidiaries

Both revenue and income rose, chiefly reflecting higher sales after the negative effects of the earthquake and the continued effects of the renovation of the Osaka Store.

#### Toshin Development Co., Ltd. & Toshin Development Singapore PTE. Ltd.

Both revenue and income increased, primarily thanks to the strong performance of shopping centers in Japan, such as Tamagawa Takashimaya Shopping Center, Kashiwa Takashimaya Station Mall, and Nagareyama Otakanomori Shopping Center.

#### Takashimaya Singapore Ltd.

Both revenue and income rose due to the introduction of new brands, the success of measures to attract foreign tourists, and the strong performance of seasonal events.

#### Takashimaya Credit Co., Ltd.

Both revenue and income increased, attributable to an increase in credit card fees, mainly due to measures to promote usage and higher sales after the negative effects of the earthquake, and a decline in selling, general and administrative expenses, including credit losses.

#### Takashimaya Space Create Co., Ltd.

Both revenue and income rose due to strong orders for luxury brands, renovations at large department stores, and an increase in orders from hotels.

### Non-consolidated performance

		Veen		Veen		-	in billion )
	1 H	Year -on- Year	2 H	Year -on- Year	Full-year	Year -on- Year	Change from Projection
Operating	224.2	2.4%	256.0	(0.5%)	c 0 0 0	0.9%	(0.7%)
Revenue	334.3	7.8	356.0	(1.7)	690.3	6.1	(5.2)
Gross Margin	25.47%	(0.21)	25.35%	(0.25)	25.41%	(0.23)	(0.17)
SG&A expenses	2 2 2	2.3%	97.0	(3.5%)	175.2	(0.7%)	(1.0%)
	87.2	2.0	87.9	(3.2)	1/5.2	(1.2)	(1.7)
Operating	1.0	(29.8%)	<b>C</b> 1	49.5%		20.5%	(9.0%)
Income	1.6	(0.7)	6.1	2.0	7.7	1.3	(0.8)
	2 Г	(12.4%)	7 2	72.4%	10.0	31.4%	3.2%
Ordinary Income	3.5	(0.5)	7.3	3.1	10.8	2.6	0.3
	1.0	(66.9%)	2.2	433.8%	БЭ	(19.9%)	23.3%
Net Income	1.9	(3.9)	.9) 3.2	2.6	5.2	(1.3)	1.0

#### **Operating Revenue**

Sales and other operating revenue increased 6.1 billion yen, mainly due to higher sales after the negative effects of the earthquake, and the continued effects of the renovation of the Osaka Store.

#### **Operating Income**

Operating income rose 1.3 billion yen, primarily reflecting a reduction in selling, general and administrative expenses, despite the adverse effect of a decline in the gross margin ratio due to the strong sales of jewelry and luxuary goods.

#### Ordinary Income

Ordinary income climbed 2.6 billion yen, mainly due to an increase in operating income and a rise in foreign exchange gains.

#### Net Income

Net income fell 1.3 billion yen, chiefly attributable to a decrease in the difference from the liquidation of a subsidiary (New York) in the previous year, which offset the increase in ordinary income.

### Non-Consolidated SG&A Expenses

		Year		Year		( Yen Year	in billion ) Change
	1 H	-on- Year	2 H	-on- Year	Full-year	-on- Year	from Projection
Personnel-	20.1	1.6%	31.2 <sup>(2.0%)</sup> 61.3	61.2	(0.2%)	(0.8%)	
elated expenses	30.1	0.5	51.2	(0.6)	01.5	(0.1)	(0.5)
Advertising	11.0	1.7%	<sup>(9.8%)</sup> 12.3			(4.5%)	(1.7%)
xpenses	11.9	0.2	12.3	(1.3)	24.2	(1.1)	(0.4)
General affairs	20.0	5.2%	20 5	(2.0%)		1.5%	(1.1%)
expenses	29.9	1.5	29.5	(0.6)	59.5	0.9	(0.7)
Accounting-	1 5 2	(1.1%)	14.0	(4.3%)	20.2	(2.7%)	(0.4%)
elated expenses	15.3	(0.2)	14.9	(0.7)	30.3	(0.8)	(0.1)
T-1-1	al 87.2	2.3%	07.0	(3.5%)	175.0	(0.7%)	(1.0%)
Total		2.0	87.9	(3.2)	175.2	(1.2)	(1.7)

#### Personnel-related expenses

Personnel-related expenses declined 0.1 billion yen, primarily reflecting reductions in salaries and bonuses, as well as retirement benefit expenses due to a reduction in the number of staff, despite increases in welfare expenses and educational expenses.

#### Advertising expenses

Promotion expenses fell 1.1 billion yen, attributable to the decrease in promotion expenses associated with the change in the loyalty point rate, which offset an increase in advertising expenses for increasing revenue.

#### General affairs expenses

Transport expenses and other/general affairs expenses climbed 0.9 billion yen due to a rise in the depreciation associated with the replacement of systems and higher heating and lighting expenses due to increases in electric power charges.

#### Accounting-related expenses

Accounting-related expenses declined 0.8 billion yen, primarily reflecting lower rents as well as taxes and dues.

### Projections for FY2013 (the fiscal year ended February 28, 2014)

( Yen in billio										
	1 H	Year -on- Year	Full-year	Year -on- Year						
Operating Revenue	431.0	2.7%	897.0	3.1%						
Operating Revenue	431.0	11.2	697.0	26.7						
SG&A expenses	122.9	3.2%	245.8	2.8%						
Such expenses	122.9	3.8	245.0	6.6						
Operating Income	10.2	0.7%	28.0	9.9%						
	10.2	0.1	20.0	2.5						
Ordinary Income	11.8	0.5%	30.0	0.4%						
	11.0	0.1	50.0	0.1						
Net Income	5.3	(19.7%)	16.7	1.0%						
	5.5	(1.3)	10.7	0.2						

#### Operating revenue

The Company plans to take in more revenue from its domestic department stores, taking advantage of the effects of the renovations at the Yokohama Store and other stores, which attracting more wealthy people, and responding to changes in the market to expand its business opportunities. The Company also expects a last-minute surge in demand of 1 billion yen in anticipation of the consumption tax hike. On a consolidated basis, an increase of 26.7 billion yen is projected, as steady increases in revenue are expected at major subsidiaries, including Toshin Development Co., Ltd., Takashimaya Singapore Ltd., Takashimaya Credit Co., Ltd., and Takashimaya Space Create Co., Ltd.

#### SG&A expenses

Despite Group-wide efforts to improve business efficiency to reduce selling, general and administrative expenses, SG&A expenses are expected to rise 6.6 billion yen due to the enhancement of sales promotion initiatives at department stores in Japan and abroad and development investments at Toshin Development Co., Ltd.

#### Operating income

Despite the increase in selling, general and administrative expenses, operating income is expected to rise 2.5 billion yen, primarily reflecting higher operating revenue, particularly at domestic department stores and at Toshin Development Co., Ltd. and Takashimaya Singapore Ltd., among other subsidiaries.

#### Ordinary income

Ordinary income is expected to increase only 0.1 billion yen, mainly attributable to a decrease in foreign exchange gains, including a rise in foreign currency deposits, which rose significantly due to the weaker yen in the previous year, and a decline in gains from gift certificate adjustments, despite higher operating income.

#### Net income

Net income is expected to increase 0.2 billion yen, primarily reflecting the increase in ordinary income.

#### Cost and Revenue Projections of Individual Companies

	Operating Revenue	Year -on- Year	Operating Income	in billion) Year -on- Year
Takashimaya Co., Ltd. &		1.5%	10.4	23.4%
Domestic Department store subsidiaries	757.1	11.4	10.4	2.0
Toshin Development Co., Ltd. &	10.0	6.1%	0.4	5.1%
Toshin Development Singapore PTE.Ltd.	40.6	2.3	8.4	0.4
		11.9%	2.7	2.2%
Takashimaya Singapore Ltd.	44.5	4.7	3.7	0.1
	16.2	2.8%	2.0	6.2%
Takashimaya Credit Co., Ltd.	16.2	0.4	3.9	0.2
Takashimaya Space Create	24.4	3.1%	0.0	3.6%
Co., Ltd.	24.4	0.7	0.9	0.0
Others and eliminations	14.3	-	0.8	-
	14.5	7.0	0.0	(0.2)
Consolidated	907.0	3.1%	28.0	9.9%
Consolidated	897.0	26.7	20.0	2.5

#### Takashimaya Co., Ltd. and domestic department store subsidiaries

Takashimaya and its domestic department store subsidiaries plan to achieve higher revenue and income chiefly by taking advantage of the effects of the renovations at large stores, including the Osaka Store and the Yokohama Store, by attracting more wealthy customers, and by responding to changes in the market to expand business opportunities. They also expect a last-minute surge in demand of 1 billion yen in anticipation of the consumption tax hike.

#### Toshin Development Co., Ltd. & Toshin Development Singapore PTE. Ltd.

Toshin Development expects higher revenue and income from stepping up sales promotions at shopping centers in collaboration with department stores, and promoting renovations to enhance customer convenience in Japan, and improving the appeal of shopping centers by improving leasing and thoroughly controlling selling, general and administrative expenses in Singapore.

#### Takashimaya Singapore Ltd.

Takashimaya Singapore plans to record higher revenue and income by increasing sales through promotions associated with its 20th anniversary, enhancement of initiatives to attract foreign tourists, and completion of its renovation and expansion.

#### Takashimaya Credit Co., Ltd.

Takashimaya Credit plans to record higher revenue and income by increasing its card fees associated with a rise in transaction volume, by promoting the active use of cards at department stores and member stores, and by increasing income from annual membership fees through renewed efforts to attract new customers.

#### Takashimaya Space Create Co., Ltd.

Takashimaya Space Create plans to increase revenue and income by strengthening sales to secure orders for large properties, responding to reconstruction demand in Tohoku, and expanding orders for private housing renovations in cooperation with department stores.

### Non-Consolidated Cost and Revenue Projections

		Year		Year
	1 H	-on- Year	Full-year	-on- Year
OneratingDevenue	220.0	1.1%	700.0	1.4%
OperatingRevenue	338.0	3.7	700.0	9.7
Gross Margin	25.50%	0.03	25.50%	0.09
SG&Aexpenses	00.1	0.9%	176.2	0.6%
	88.1	0.8	176.3	1.3
OperatingIncome	1 7	3.0%	0.5	22.8%
OperatingIncome	1.7	0.1	9.5	1.8
OrdinanyIncomo	3.5	0.2%	11.0	1.5%
OrdinaryIncome	5.5	0.0	11.0	0.2
Not Incomo	1.0	(48.5%)	5.3	2.3%
Net Income	1.0	(0.9)	5.5	0.3

#### Operating revenue

The Company plans to record an increase of 9.7 billion yen in sales and other operating revenue by taking advantage of the effects of the renovations at large department stores, including the Osaka Store and the Yokohama Store, attracting more wealthy customers, and responding to changes in the market to expand its business opportunities. It also expects a last-minute surge in demand of 1 billion yen in anticipation of the consumption tax hike.

#### Operating income

Despite the increases in advertising expenses to boost revenue, in heating and lighting expenses due to rate hikes, and in selling, general and administrative expenses, including safety investments and other repair costs, operating income is expected to increase 1.8 billion yen due to the higher income derived from increased revenue, primarily through the steady implementation of sales initiatives.

#### Ordinary income

Ordinary income is expected to rise only 0.2 billion yen, with the increase in operating income mostly offset by the decrease in foreign exchange gains, which rose significantly due to the weaker yen in the previous year, and the decline in gains from gift certificate adjustments.

#### Net income

Net income is expected to climb 0.1 billion yen, primarily due to higher ordinary income.

_	Non-consolidated	SG&A	Expense	Proie	ctions		
ļ							
						(Ye	n in billion )
			1 H	Year -on- Year	Full-ye	ar	Year -on- Year
	Personnel-related		20.4	(2.4%)	c		(2.2%)
	expenses		29.4	(0.7)	60	0.0	(1.3)
	Advortising ovnonsos		12.3	3.8%	2	1.9	3.2%
	Advertising expenses		0.4		+.9	0.8	
	General affairs expenses	c	31.0	3.6%	6.	1 7	3.0%
	General analis expenses	5	51.0	1.1	61.2		1.8
	Accounting-related		15.2	0.0%	2(	רר	(0.2%)
	expenses		15.3	0.0	30	).2	(0.1)
				0.9%			0.6%

88.1

0.8

176.3

1.1

#### Personnel-related expenses

Personnel-related expenses are expected to decline 1.3 billion yen, mainly attributable to the decrease in retirement benefit expenses, despite an increase in welfare expenses that is mainly due to the increase in health insurance premium rate.

#### Advertising expenses

Total

Promotion expenses are expected to increase 0.8 billion yen, primarily reflecting the rise in general promotion expenses associated with aggressive advertising and cultural events to increase revenue, and higher expenses related to the loyalty points associated with higher revenue.

#### General affairs expenses

Transport expenses and other/general affairs expenses are expected to increase 1.8 billion yen, chiefly due to the rise in repair costs associated with safety investments and renovation projects, higher heating and lighting expenses due to hikes in electric power charges and fuel costs, and the increase in transport expenses associated with higher revenue.

#### Accounting-related expenses

Accounting-related expenses are expected to decrease 0.1 billion yen, mainly reflecting continuing rent negotiations.

### The Takashimaya Group's Sales Strategy Domestic department store business

#### Policy for FY2013

The Company plans to strengthen its domestic department store business through a sales strategy that capitalizes on its strengths and market development for future growth. To deal with the risk of a decline in personal spending after the consumption tax hikes, the Company aims to begin strengthening its customer base and improving operational efficiency. The Company is positioning this fiscal year as the year to consolidate its operating foundation.

#### Operating revenue and operating income at domestic department stores FY2013 plan Operating revenue: 757.1 billion yen (up 11.4 billion yen) Operating income: 10.4 billion yen (up 2.0 billion yen)





#### 2. Consolidating the customer base by attracting wealthy customers

To retain out-of-store customers, the Company's main management resources, the Company plans to issue new cards and consolidate its base to enhance its sales capabilities. The Company will also develop its merchandising, strategically targeting wealthy next-generation customers.

#### Out-of-store sales in FY2013: up JPY1.0 bn year on year

#### (1) Issuing a VIP card to major out-of-store customers

Planning to issue an Out-of-Store Sales VIP Card (tentative name) this fall for out-of-store customers who buy 3 million yen's worth of goods or more annually (6,000 accounts). Enhancing the appeal of member services to improve top customer loyalty and satisfaction



New credit card for VIP out-of-sales custores (image)

#### (2) Improving out-of-store sales capabilities

Incorporating the use of tablet computers this spring to enhance our ability to make proposals to out-of-store customers

(3) Improving merchandise to attract wealthy next-generation customers

# 3. Improving the earnings strength of small and medium-sized stores based on our expertise in managing shopping centers

The Company will manage the Tamagawa Store and the Kashiwa Store in cooperation with Toshin Development. Following the renovation of the Tachikawa Store, which is returning steady profits, the Company plans to renovate and revitalize the Omiya Store to establish an earnings model.

Sales at small and medium-sized stores in FY2013: up JPY2.5 bn year on year

(1) Boosting revenue by promoting operations in cooperation with Toshin Development

Consolidating the local customer base at the Tamagawa Store and Kashiwa Store, profit-earning stores, this fiscal year through promotions in cooperation with Toshin Development and by allocating roles and collaborating on merchandising

(2) Revitalizing small and medium-sized stores by adding new functions Renovating the Omiya Store this fiscal year, using the Tachikawa Store, which is earning stable profits, as a model Looking for popular new tenants in the region to attract more customers and promote shopping at different tenants; improving earnings power by adding new functions to the store Promoting community-based operations at local stores

In April the Yonago Store started mobile catering in areas where it is difficult to shop, while keeping an eye on villages





#### 5. Taking steps to improve the Company's merchandising power

Taking steps to improve the Company's merchandising power The Company plans to strategically enhance the features of its merchandise and pursue economies of scale to strengthen its merchandising power, which is the basis for bolstering the sales capabilities of stores and promoting omni-channel retailing.

#### An increase in sales due to the enhancement of merchandise features and the pursuit of economies of scale in FY2013: up JPY9.2 bn year on year

#### (1) Promoting strategies to enhance merchandise features

Beginning to develop products that will enhance the Company's brand value to increase the profits from independently developed products Improving self-collection-type merchandise, striking a balance between the Company's ability to make proposals and its profitability (some merchandise will be sold on the Web) Aiming for 10 billion yen in sales this fiscal year from "Voice File" items, which reflect customer feedback

#### (2) Promoting merchandising strategies that pursue economies of scale

Pursuing economies of scale by expanding initial orders and orders for summer gifts and year-end gifts Placing orders for independently developed products directly with manufacturers; expanding the Cashmere Knit Collection to a 1.5 billion yen business Introducing personal gift catalogues that customers can choose from



Cashmere knitwear collection

#### 6. Promoting omni-channel retailing

The Company will begin executing an omni-channel retailing strategy to maximize customer satisfaction: It will improve its information base (merchandise information, customer information, ICT) to add new value to its product lineups, ways to attract customers, sales and shopping floors.

#### ICT: Information and communication technology Goals of the omni-channel retailing strategy

store	Product lineup	<ul> <li>Developing a product database to enable customers to shop anytime, anywhere</li> <li>Expanding the product lineup, combining different channels (brick-and-mortar stores and the Internet)</li> <li>&gt; Delivering what customers want when they want it</li> </ul>	on
domestic department	Attracting customers, sales, and communi -cation with customers	<ul> <li>Developing a customer database to make the best offers to each customer</li> <li>Enhancing information transmission capabilities by complementing information in stores with information online</li> <li>Strengthening customer relations through interactive communications; for example, by using social networking services         <ul> <li>&gt; Deepening mutual trust with customers, making the Company more familiar to customers</li> <li>Social Camera&gt; Customers try on clothing at stores and take pictures of themselves. Then they upload the photos to Facebook. People who are interested in the clothes then come to the stores.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	g customer satisfaction
Reforming the	Shopping floor	<ul> <li>Through ICT, stores can provide new shopping experiences, including a virtual experience. The Company will provide seamless service both at its stores and online to improve customer convenience.</li> <li>Providing surprises and thrilling experiences that exceed customers' expectations</li> <li><interactive hangers=""></interactive></li> <li>When customers pick up a hanger, photos of coordinates and a video will be displayed.</li> </ul>	Maximizing

#### **Omni-channel retailing initiatives in FY2013**

The Company will increase revenue, using the expertise and operational base of SELECT SQUARE, which became a subsidiary last year. Meanwhile, the Company will begin building a system for both brick-and-mortar stores and online stores so that each can be used seamlessly. In this system, the online store will send customers to brick-and-mortar stores.

#### Online sales in FY2013: up JPY3.3 bn year on year

- (1) Improving sales efficiency by introducing common product lineups and unifying the management of merchandise inventory
- (2) Promoting mutual use by consolidating the management of customer information Consolidating the management of customer information for the 0.86 million online members and 2.1 million card members, to use the data efficiently, attract customers effectively, and ultimately promote purchases both at brick-and-mortar stores and online.

#### (3) Introducing a virtual experience at stores, using the Shinjuku Store as a model

Introducing videos at the Shinjuku Store on a trial basis that communicate the appeal of items as well as "digital fittings"



### Domestic group business

#### The Group's major business initiatives

- To take advantage of the Takashimaya Group's comprehensive strength to reform the department store business and improve the Takashimaya brand through close cooperation among the Group's companies
- To have Group companies share their expertise, and enhance the Group's competitiveness to boost profits

#### Numerical targets (FY2013)

Sales and other operating revenue:142.2 billion yen (up 5.6 billion yen)Operating income:13.4 billion yen (up 1.0 billion yen)

(1) Toshin Development Co., Ltd. (domestic operations)
 Sales and other operating revenue: 34.0 billion yen (up 1.9 billion yen)
 Operating income: 6.7 billion yen (up 0.1 billion yen)

Maximizing the synergies between department stores and shopping centers through integrated operations

- Carrying out sales promotion initiatives common to all shopping centers

Bolstering the shopping center business by developing the areas surrounding department stores (town development)

- Promoting the development of the area around the Tamagawa Takashimaya Shopping Center
- Expanding the Nagareyama Otakanomori Shopping Center



Nagareyama Otakano-mori Shopping Center "Hanabizuki Terrace"

#### (2) Takashimaya Credit Co., Ltd.

# Sales and other operating revenue:16.2 billion yen (up 0.4 billion yen)Operating income:3.9 billion yen (up 0.2 billion yen)

Having department stores and Group companies share customer data Promoting the use of cards using different channels Strengthening the operating base by gaining new customers

 Improving the system to gain new members at department stores (adding counters to attract new members and attracting new members online)

#### (3) Takashimaya Space Create Co., Ltd.

# Sales and other operating revenue:24.4 billion yen (up 0.7 billion yen)Operating income:0.9 billion yen (up 0.03 billion yen)

Increasing orders for home renovations

- Receiving orders for high-priced home renovations in collaboration with department store living floors
   Expanding proposal-type orders
- Understanding and responding to the needs of corporate clients

Responding to earthquake reconstruction in Tohoku

 Establishing a sales base in the Tohoku region (in Sendai, Miyagi Prefecture) to strengthen the system for receiving orders



Home renovation Catalogue

### Overseas business



## Long-Term Business Plans for the Takashimaya

Basic concept				_
The Takashimaya Group's	s Goals			
To be a global retailing group that cor customers	ntinually create	s a better, mo	re comfortable life	e with its
Basic strategies				······
Reforming the domestic departme synergies with the domestic group 1. Domestic department store bu initiatives, omni-channel reta 2. Domestic group business: Mai store business 3. Overseas business: Increasing two main regions: China and	p business an usiness: Prom iling, and stru ximizing syne g the number	d the overse noting commu uctural reforn ergies with th	as business unity-based n e department	
(1) Private spending Private spending is likely to grow through gradual economic growt consideration.	v approximate	ely 1% annua		kt five years
<ul> <li>(2) Department store industry</li> <li>(i) Sales trends</li> <li>(ii) Consumption tax hikes</li> <li>Expected consumption tax hikes</li> </ul>	A decline o	f 280 billion	yen in five year yen in five year October 2015 (8	s
Adverse effect on the in	dustry (sales	<b>)</b> (820 b	oillion yen )	
<ul> <li>(3) Takashimaya</li> <li>(i) Sales trends: Sales and other of are expected to fall by 39.0 bill</li> <li>(ii) Consumption tax hikes: Negat as well as operating income, ar respectively.</li> </ul>	ion yen and 8 ive effects on	3.0 billion yer sales and ot	n, respectively i ther operating r	n five years. evenue, lion yen,
Adverse effect on Takashima Total	ya (sales)	Operating	Revenue Operating	Income
Sales trends		(3	9) (	8)
Consumption tax hike impact Domestic department stores				<u>1)</u> 7)
Domestic group			· · ·	4)
In response to the changes the Group plans to carry ou				
Numerical targets			( Yen	in billion )
Operating Revenue Operating Income	FY2012 870 25	FY20 90 4		hange +30 +15
OP ratio	3.1%	4.4		
ROE Capital adequacy ratio	5.2% 41.7%	5.8 50.9	9%	
Interest-bearing debt	100	<b>V</b> 5	50	

#### **Basic strategies** ;------Five years Investment amonunt 160billion yen Operating Revenue (OR) +30billion yen (Change from FY2012) Operating Income (OI) +15billion yen OR OI Investment 70billion - 35billion +6billion 1.Domestic department store 40billion +25billion +4billion 2.Domestic group 3. Overseas business 50billion +40billion +5billion .....

#### 1. Domestic department store business:

Promoting community-based initiatives, omni-channel retailing, and structural reform (Yen in billion)

		Change fro	om FY2012
	Investment	OR	OI
(1)Sales strategy	30	+28	+6
(i) Enhancing competitiveness	17	+10	+3.5
(ii) Improving operational efficiency	13	+18	+2.5
(2) Countermeasures against consumption tax hikes	20	+12	+15
(i) Sales initiatives	15	+12	+3
(ii) Cost initiatives	5	-	+12
(3) Investment in facilities	20	-	-
(4) Effects of the downward trend in the department store market and the consumption tax hikes	-	(75)	(15)
Total	70	(35)	+6

2. Domestic group business: Maximizing synergies with the department store business ( Yen in billion )

	Change from FY2012		
	Investment	OR	OI
(1) Sales strategies	38	+33	+7
(2) Structural reform	-	-	+1
(3) Investment in facilities	2	-	-
(4) Effects of the consumption tax hikes	-	(8)	(4)
Total	40	+25	+4

3. Overseas business: Increasing the number of stores by focusing on two main regions: China and ASEAN

(Yen in billion)

		Change from FY2012		
		Investment	OR	OI
China business	Taking steps to improve results at Shanghai Takashimaya Strengthening the foundations of the China business through initiatives including opening a second store	13	+25	+2.5
ASEAN business	Establishing a dominant position for Singapore Takashimaya Increasing the number of stores, including Vietnam Takashimaya	37	+15	+2.5
	Total	50	+40	+5

Plan to participate in the development of the 1st and 2nd phases of the Saigon Centre in Vietnam

In partnership with Keppel Land Limited, participating in a project to develop

- a large-scale complex that is expected to open in Ho Chi Minh City in Vietnam in 2015
  - Opening a department store in which Takashimaya Singapore will have a 100% stake - Having Toshin Development participate in the operation of the commercial facilities
  - Having Toshin Development participate in the real estate business

Overview of the Saigon Center (1st and 2nd phases) Developing a department store and a shopping center in an integrated manner and

building commercial facilities through a town concept

Site area 11,084 m2 Floor area approx. 181,800 m2 (39,300 m2 in the 1st phase) Commercial area approx. 55,500 m2 (5,500 m2 in the 1st phase) Department store area approx. 15,000 m2 as well as offices and a service apartment

A local department store is expected to be established this summer.

Building a store befitting Takashimaya that will meet local needs through a thorough market analysis

To become the No. 1 commercial facility in the area, considering participating in a plan (the 3rd plan) to add sales floor area in tandem with the growth of the city.



### Nihombashi Store redevelopment plan

Toshin Development is taking the lead in building a new kind of urban shopping center through a town concept

- town concept
- Expanding the commercial facilities section: Expanding the sales floor area from 50,000 m2 to 62,000 m2

A redevelopment consortium was established this April; construction is planned to begin in spring 2014.

Making an upfront investment and implementing measures to enhance services to maintain the store's sales capabilities during the construction period.

Investment: 15 billion yen Grand opening: FY2018 (projected)



	FY2012	FY2013	F	Y2014	~		FY201	)18	
Main	Invest	ments			1	-  ·	>	$\square$	
building		Transferring functions in		oing renovation uilding in sequen		ı		Grand	
Develop- ment area		the old wing	Demo- lishing	Const- ruction start		Com- ple- tion	Inte- rior work	open- ing	

### CSR Management

### CSR Management of FY2013

#### **Basic concept**

The basic policy of CSR management is to respond and contribute to the needs of a society that is becoming increasingly diversified and sophisticated.

#### **Action policy**

To help Takashimaya move forward, the Company will promote the Takashimaya Archive Project, in which the Company will use its archives—records of its history and traditions over the past 180 years—as management resources. Through this project the Company will enhance communication with all its stakeholders and will seek to provide new values to meet social needs.

#### (1) Promoting the Archive Project

#### Purpose

To look back over Takashimaya's 180-year history, confirming the Company's DNA, and ensure that the entire Company shares its basic values, such as Takashimaya's enterprising spirit, so that the Company can increase its corporate vitality to produce innovations

To strive to increase competitiveness and customer trust by promoting the Takashimaya brand that the Company has created with its customers

#### Action plan for this fiscal year

In the first year of the Archive Project, the Company will publish its history both within and outside the Company to provide materials for discussing the future of Takashimaya.

Publishing the Company's 180-year history, "180 Thanks to Your Support" (March)

Compiling the Company's history and spirit from its founding Posting digital archives on Takashimaya's website (April)

Digitizing the artwork and documents owned by the

Takashimaya Historical Museum and posting them on the Company's website

Holding a Company exhibition, Life, Art, and Takashimaya (April 20–June 23)

The Setagaya Art Museum in Tokyo will hold an exhibition on the Company that analyzes industrial history.

The exhibition will open at the Osaka Store in September. Takashimaya Art Walk (April–June)

Takashimaya stores will hold cultural events in association with the Life, Art, and Takashimaya exhibition.

#### (2) Developing a foundation for CSR management

Strengthening the functions of the Takashimaya Group CSR Committee

- Reflecting stakeholders' feedback and reviews in the Company's management

#### (3) Responding to the most important social needs

Continuing to support the reconstruction of disaster-stricken areas through our core business

Developing operations in response to the local needs associated with an aging society, depopulation, and other matters

- Starting mobile catering in areas where shopping is difficult (Yonago Takashimaya; in April)



